

VON BERNSTORFF WELL PROTECTED BIDS FAREWELL TO WASHINGTON

Uncle Sam Takes Every Possible
Precaution To Safeguard De-
parting German Ambassador
As He Takes His Leave

DOCKS WATCHED BY MORE
THAN TWO HUNDRED POLICE

Despatches From Berlin Absolu-
tely Deny That Kaiser Has Plan
For Opening Negotiations With
America On Diver Question

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, February 15—Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador to the United States left this city yesterday afternoon for Berlin, via New York, with the expression of a hope that "war may be averted and that the friendly relations between the two countries—yours and mine—may soon be restored."

The train in which the former ambassador went to New York was most carefully guarded by secret service men, who had instructions not to allow any unauthorized person to get near to the diplomat, and to see to it that nothing was allowed to interrupt the journey.

At the dock in New York every possible precaution was taken to prevent a possible tragedy at the hands of some crank. The train, after passing under the river was switched down the waterfront to the dock where the Swedish liner, on which the diplomat and his suite intend to make the passage, was lying, and brought to a standstill a block and a half from the pier, which was guarded with more than two hundred police and special officers. Nothing was omitted to safeguard the German envoy.

The Baroness Zwiadineck, wife of the Austrian charge d'affaires, arranged to depart with the Bernstorff party. In some circles this was taken as significant that the diplomats of the dual monarchy expected a breaking off of relations between this country and theirs, but at the Austrian-Hungarian embassy it was asserted that the baroness merely is taking advantage of a good opportunity to leave here on a visit to her children in Vienna.

There has been a feeling in the official circles that there might be still a possibility of negotiations with Germany in regard to the submarine warfare, but these were altered last night by the publication of a despatch from the Kaiser's capital, declaring that it has been absolutely denied there, that the German government has the least intention of making any move which might in any manner invite suggestions as to means of avoidance of actual hostilities with the United States. It added that it had been asserted in official circles on the Wilhelmstrasse, that no further notes would be exchanged with the Washington government, as such an exchange, it was felt, would be entirely unwarranted by the existing conditions.

The submarine situation has entered into another and even more acute stage. The immunity period which the German note announcing the beginning of submarine warfare, gave to ships of neutral nations to get out of and stay out of certain war zones, has expired. The note announced three different periods for three different zones. In the Mediterranean the immunity expired February 10; in the North Sea on February 6 and in the Atlantic and the British Channel yesterday.

Just what effect this will have remains to be seen, but officials here are fearful that still greater frightfulness will be resorted to by the German raiders, and that the United States will find it impossible to longer avoid being drawn into the vortex of the war. A bill directed against ruthless submarine warfare, and proposing to open the ports, harbors and waters of the United States during war time for the convenience and use of warships of the belligerent nations against whom the submarine warfare is waged, was introduced in congress yesterday.

Another "preparedness" step was taken when the naval bill, aggregating \$369,000,000, was passed by the house. It includes the provision empowering the administration in case of an emergency to commandeer shipyards and munition plants necessary for military purposes, and provides also for the acquisition of basic patents on mechanical appliances useful in war.

HUGE REVENUE BILL FAVORABLY REPORTED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, February 13—The new revenue bill, as agreed to by the senate Democrats in conference, was reported to the senate today by Chairman Simmons of the finance committee. It is designed to raise \$350,000,000 for government expenses.

BIG NAVAL BASE ASKED FOR COAST

Helm Commission Urges Need of
Third Station South of San
Francisco Harbor

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, February 13—That the Pacific Coast needs a third large naval base for the use of a submarine fleet is the recommendation of the Helm commission, headed by Rear-Admiral James M. Helm, in a special report made public today.

The commission holds that Mare Island and Bremerton are not sufficient to protect the great stretch of Pacific Coast and that Southern California will be insufficiently guarded without a station south of San Francisco.

The commission therefore recommends the establishment of a submarine training base in Los Angeles harbor and a submarine war-operating base in San Diego harbor.

The commission has recently spent several months examining various naval sites on the Pacific Coast.

VILLA REPORTED ACROSS THE LINE

Bandit Leader of Bandits Said
To Have Raided American
Territory Once More

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

EL PASO, February 15—According to reports received here last night, Pancho Villa, the bandit leader, some days ago sent a party of bandits over the border line, and captured or killed three Mexicans.

He also captured large quantities of livestock, of which he stood in great need, as well as horses for his men. He is reported to have killed ten horses. The raid across the border is said to have taken place about sixteen miles southeast of the town of Hachita, on the morning of February 10.

Other reports declare that three of the Mexicans were killed, and that one hundred and nine horses were taken by the bandits.

MOONEY WEEPS IN HIS MOTHER'S ARMS

Dynamiter Breaks Down When He
Enters Room For Sentence

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

SAN FRANCISCO, February 13—Pending arguments for a new trial, the passing of sentence has been delayed in the case of Thomas J. Mooney, labor agitator convicted of murder as one of the conspirators who set off explosives during the "preparation" parade last July.

The arguments are set for next Monday. Mooney broke down when he entered the courtroom this morning for sentence with his arms about his aged mother and hers about him.

JAPANESE MUNITIONS PLANT IS BLOWN UP

(Special Cablegram to Hawaii Shipos)

TOKIO, February 13—The big powder-magazine at the city of Hiroshima has been destroyed and six bomb-shells were stolen. The thief is not arrested yet, but the Japanese authorities are searching the detention camp of German prisoners near the city, believing the destruction was caused by German spies.

GERMANY CALLS LAST CLASS TO THE COLORS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

LONDON, February 13—A Reuters' News Agency despatch from Bern, Switzerland, says that Germany has suddenly called to the colors all officers of trades unions and socialist organizations. They aggregate ten thousand men and have been previously exempt.

TOYOKAWA CHOSEN

(Special Cablegram to The Hawaii Herald)

TOKIO, February 14—R. Toyokawa, member of the house of peers and former manager of the Mitsubishi company, will be elected president of the Chamber of Commerce of Tokyo, succeeding B. Nakano, who has sent his resignation to the directors.

DON'T COUGH.

It is absurd to allow a cough to hang on and sap your vitality when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will cure you. You don't know where a persistent cough will land you. You can't afford to allow your throat and lungs to become diseased when it is such a simple thing to stop into a chemist's shop and get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by all dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

CHINESE INSIST ON REPUDIATION OF SUBMARINE POLICY

Peking Government Sends Formal
Note To the Kaiser's Minis-
ters, Threatening To Break Off
All Diplomatic Relations Unless
Demands Are Complied With

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji)

TOKIO, February 14—The Chinese government has decided upon the attitude it will adopt toward Germany, and has formally communicated its decision to the German government through Van Hinte, German minister at Peking. China demanded immediate repudiation of the submarine policy.

The Chinese government further notified Germany that the Chinese government will break off diplomatic relations between China and Germany unless the latter complies with the demands it has made.

This attitude was determined upon after long consideration, and on the advice of Viscount Moutons, Japanese foreign minister. Dr. Paul S. Rehnsh, minister of the United States has asked the Chinese government to follow the example of the United States, and the government's step is regarded as a victory for the United States.

NEUTRALS ASKED TO AID BELGIUM

Hoover Negotiating With Spain
and Holland To Take Over
Work of Relief

(Associated Press by Commercial Cable)

WASHINGTON, February 13—Deep regret is officially expressed here at the expulsion of the Belgian Relief Commission from Belgium because of the break between Germany and the United States.

The department of state explains that there is nothing the United States can do to obtain the revocation of the German order.

Direct negotiations are proceeding between Herbert C. Hoover, chairman of the commission, and the Spanish and Dutch governments, which countries are expected to form a commission to take over the relief work.

UNITED STATES ASKS FATE OF HER SAILORS

Sends Inquiry Through Swiss
Minister To Berlin Authorities

(Associated Press by Commercial Cable)

WASHINGTON, February 13—A communication has been sent to Germany through the Swiss government looking toward the release of the American sailors taken to a German port in the prize steamer Yarrowdale and held prisoners of war.

They are now re-detained by Germany after the German government had indicated that it would free them. Germany is seeking assurance as to the status of her seamen in American ports. It is believed that Berlin will demand their release.

GERMAN-AMERICANS PETITION CONGRESS

(Special Cablegram to The Hawaii Herald)

TOKIO, February 14—American citizens of German parentage residing in Yokohama and this city passed a resolution yesterday, petitioning the congress of the United States not to declare war against Germany, stating that the war between the two nations would be disastrous to both and to world peace. One of the copies of the resolution has been sent to Doctor Hammer, president of the German-American Alliance, and one each has been sent to the President, Vice-President, and the speaker of the house.

MINE EXPLOSION KILLS SCORE OF COAL MINERS

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji)

TOKIO, February 13—Gas in the coal mine at Bujun, South Manchuria, exploded again yesterday, according to despatches received here today. Twenty-four Chinese and nine Japanese miners were killed. Nine hundred and seventy-two miners were killed January 11 as the result of explosion of gas in the same mine. The Japanese government has ordered a strict investigation of the causes of these accidents.

UNCLE SAM ASKS ALLIES TO PASS GERMAN CONSUL

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, February 13—Safe conduct has been asked by the United States of Japan for Franz Karl Zitelmann, German consul at Manila, departing from Tientsin in the United States transport Thomas.

NATIONAL LEAGUE ENDS AGREEMENT WITH PLAYERS

John K. Tener Announces Will Be
No Discrimination Against
Any Member

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

NEW YORK, February 15—The officials of the National League met yesterday and after some discussion decided that baseball shall be in future played as they see fit, and that the agreement which the league has had with the Baseball Players' Fraternity, shall die a speedy death—in fact was dead already. In future, the national leagues decided, the league will deal direct with its players, and the fraternity will go by the board.

This was the answer of the chief officials of organized ball to the threat of the players' fraternity to call a baseball strike and its move to affiliate itself with organized labor by applying for an A. F. of L. charter.

President Tener stated the position taken by himself and President Johnson in no uncertain terms, and was vindictive toward the players' fraternity.

"All negotiations in the future," he said, "will be carried on between the player as an individual and the club owner. The fraternity cannot use the major leagues, which have treated them so fairly, as a hammer to coerce interference in a minor league affair which is none of their business."

President Johnson recently said that it had been decided to cut off all relations with the players as an organization, and that neither major league would make any more concessions to that body.

President Fultz, of the Players' Fraternity, stated that the players remained steadfast in their stand and would await developments. He declared that any move to arbitrate would be welcomed.

Discussions at length. The two league presidents discussed the strike situation at length at a recent meeting in this city. President Tener stated that he was in favor of union labor, but he did not think union movement where the principle involved was wrong. He stated that the strike threatened by the players was a great injustice on the part of the major league players because they had no grievance whatever to strike for. He said that the major league officials could not interfere in any way with minor league affairs, over which they had absolutely no jurisdiction.

President Tener said that the major leagues through the national commission in 1912 had met the representatives of the fraternity, had dealt fairly with them and had granted all their demands. He pointed out that in spite of the fact that they admit that they have no grievances against the major leagues, they have threatened to hold out. This he gave as the reason why the major leagues decided to cut off all relations with the organization; and far as the National and American Leagues are concerned, the fraternity has ceased to exist.

President Tener said that none of the clubs of the National League had taken any steps to collect new players to use on their teams in the event the fraternity members carry out their threat to strike. The American League men do not hesitate to say that they will go ahead and build up new teams to take the place of the strikers.

In making their present defiant stand against organized ball the players firmly believed that the national commission would be forced to step in and use its influence with the minor league officials to grant the demands of the minor league players. They maintain that it is purely a minor league matter, which has nothing whatever to do in any way with the major leagues or their players.

The British steamers Laconia and Ascania, which sailed from London January 25, arrived here last night, after an uneventful passage. The passengers stated that prior to their departure reports had been circulated that the German cruiser Moewe had been captured and was being taken to that port.

London officially announced that after months of campaigning the British army on the Tigris has established a line across the Tigris River bend west of Kut-el-Amara, completely hemming in the Turks, who were victorious early in the war in coupling the British up at Kut-el-Amara.

For the rest the war reports contained little of importance. The Clyde Agency reported yesterday that the White Star liner, Afric, has been sunk. Part of her crew was landed. The Norwegian motor steamer Westhus also sunk, with the crew landed safely.

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UNCLES AMBLOCKED GERMANY'S PLAN SAYS PARIS TEMPS

Prominent French Morning Journal,
Declares That Washington's
Rupture With the Kaiser's Gov-
ernment Forestalled Schemes
of Wilhelmstrasse

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

PARIS, February 15—That the action of the United States in breaking off relations with Germany forestalled the plans of the Berlin government, is the statement given great prominence in the Paris Temps, one of the greatest morning papers in this city and a leader of French thought throughout the nation.

The article in which the Temps voices this announcement says that Germany realizes that her fate is upon her, and that she is working with all possible means to delay the moment when it shall be no longer possible for her to conceal from her people and the world that she is whipped.

The submarine warfare was one of these means adopted by the government, not through any wish, but because it was believed a vital necessity as a means of staving off the inevitable moment of defeat, says the Temps.

The submarine war has not proved satisfactory from the viewpoint of Berlin, and, adds the paper, the German authorities are now seeking some maneuver, to win back the good opinion of the United States if possible.

ALLIES PECKING AT TEUTON LINES

British Attacks On the Western
Battle Front Reported To
Have Met With Success

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

NEW YORK, February 15—That the steady pecking of the British and French on the western battle fronts is meeting with continued successes, is the gist of the reports from that stage of the war's many theaters yesterday.

The sea campaign of the submarines continued, but with comparatively little effect, although one fairly large steamer was sunk, and London reported that the blockade in the Lloyd George cabinet, quoted a statement from Sir John Jellicoe, head of the British admiralty, to the effect that the navy officials of the Entente are "not dissatisfied with the number of submarines which are not returning to Germany."

Admiral Lord Boreford, in speaking in the house of lords on the same subject, declared that it was necessary to take stringent steps to meet the submarine menace, but at the same time he pointed out that while the divers had accounted for more than four million tons of allied and neutral shipping since the outbreak of the war, this is not so serious as it looks on the face of it, as more than three million tons has been satisfactorily replaced and is being done daily in the allied cause.

Germany, he declared, had been overconfident of the success of her diver campaign, but he added, he is assured that within six weeks the submarine situation will be well in hand.

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C. J. HUTCHINS MAY SUCCEED PINKHAM

Democratic Wheel Horse Picked
For Governor's Post Accord-
ing To Reports

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

CLINTON J. HUTCHINS, for many years one of the Democratic wheel-horses of Hawaii before he went to California to live, is being seriously considered for the governorship, to succeed Lucius E. Pinkham, according to advices from the mainland that have reached The Advertiser.

Mr. Hutchins arrived in Honolulu yesterday on the Wilhelmmina for a stay of several weeks. When asked last night if he was an active candidate for the governorship he declined to be quoted as strongly as that.

"But I will say this," he said, "that if the President were to do me such an honor as to offer me the governorship of this Territory, I don't see how it would be possible for me to refuse. There is no place in the world that is as dear to me as these islands, and I can imagine no greater honor than to be the Governor of Hawaii."

During the presidential campaign last fall Mr. Hutchins was one of the principal campaigners for Wilson in California. He stamped many of the counties that had always been looked upon as rock-ribbed Republican strongholds, and they went Democratic. As a natural result, Mr. Hutchins is in high favor with the administration at Washington, and there is reason to believe that he will be a strong competitor for the governorship of this Territory.

There is a possibility that his eligibility might be questioned, he having made his home in California for several years past. But when one thinks of the degree to which Pinkham was eligible when he was appointed, this objection becomes perhaps less apparent.

UTILITIES BOARD IS TO PROBE ACCIDENTS

Commissioners Order Investiga-
tion Into Recent Fatalities

Investigations into three recent accidents on public utilities, two resulting in fatalities, will be conducted by the public utilities commission. The accidents, according to reports submitted to the commission at a meeting yesterday, were:

On the Oahu Railway & Land Co. at the first crossing east of Waikakala on February 5 when a train backed into an auto truck and tossed out five men who were slightly injured. They were Nakayama, Joe Moto, Cho Yung Son, Sato Takaki and Arikani. D. Helelani, railroad employee, jumped from the last car of the train and was also injured. The report stated that Nakayama, the driver of the truck, crossed the tracks into the path of the train.

On the interisland steamer Likiep, January 20, when Maka S. Yoshawa was struck and fatally injured by a cargo boom.

On the Oahu railway crossing, February 7, at Robinson when Sawa Asida, helper, was killed and Hisada Shimake, engineer, was injured when they drove a traction engine of the Hawaiian Fiber Company across the tracks in the path of a train.

No dates have been set for the hearings.

SPECIAL DEPUTIES LEAVE O. J. D. AHLERS

(Mail Special to The Advertiser)

HILLO, February 12—Deputy Collector of Customs Byron K. Baird still has charge of the German internment steamer O. J. D. Ahlers, but United States Deputy Marshal J. B. Pierce and O. V. Stutzer, who were first to take charge of the steamer, returned to Honolulu by the Mauna Kea this afternoon.

Captain Kelbo and the crew of the Ahlers remain in Hillo and under the jurisdiction of Deputy Collector Baird, who has received orders to hold jurisdiction over the steamer and crew until further orders.

However, the steamer is well guarded, for on Monday morning a squad of sixteen men, in charge of Sergeant Joseph Williams, relieved the former guard on the steamer, while the rest of the members of the Twenty-first Infantry, U. S. A., Company B, returned to Honolulu on the Mauna Kea in the afternoon.

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REVOLT GROWING RAPIDLY MORE THREATENING IN CUBAN REPUBLIC

President Menocal Forced To Call
For Volunteers To Serve Nine-
ty Days To Meet Menace of
Rebels In Eastern Provinces

FIRST CLASH REPORTED
NEAR CITY OF MATANZAS

Former President Declared To
Have Landed In Camaguey,
Where Government Forces Are
Said To Have Joined the Rebels

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

HAVANA, Cuba, February 14—Cuba is facing another widespread revolution, if credit is to be given to the various reports that are reaching this capital from a large number of districts said to be disaffected. Already, according to one report, the government troops in this province of Camaguey, on the south-east coast, have declared themselves to be in revolt and are gathered under the leadership of Jose Miguel Gomez, who was President from 1909 to 1913, when he was succeeded by the incumbent, President Menocal.

Menocal has recognized the seriousness of the effort which is about to be made to overturn his administration by force and has issued a call for volunteers to serve for ninety days. The United States government also, realizing that the revolt is now of alarming proportions, has, it was formally announced yesterday, offered to the Menocal authorities five thousand rifles and five million rounds of ammunition.

The first fighting of the revolt took place yesterday in the northern province of Matanzas, near the city of that name. It was in that and the adjoining province of Santa Clara, in the revolt against Spain which ended in the intervention of the United States, in 1898, was first organized and grew to strength.

Yesterday, according to the government reports, the rebels were soundly thrashed and retreated, before the government troops, after losing a number of men.

Despatches from New York, published here this morning, declare that Senator Ferrera, speaker of the Cuban house of representatives, has called to President Menocal, demanding his resignation immediately, "unless you wish to leave your name as a curse to your children, as inseparably connected with an era of bloodshed of brothers, and the loss of the republic."

Washington never had a more unique banquet spread before its well-bathed self than the generous luncheon "the alibi of Hawaii" in the New Cockran Hotel on January 27. A luncheon "O na ali o Hawaii noho ana ma ka aina makua," is the way the extravagant menu describes it.

Sitting down to the feast were many famous national characters, but it was an essential requirement that all had had experience in Hawaii. "Uncle Joe" Cannon was there, as were many other old congressional friends of the islands, all presided over by Prince Kuhio. Each guest was given a Hawaiian nickname, most of them very pointed. One guest was Iwi Iwi (big bones), another Iwi Iwi (long bones), still another Iwi Iwi (big nose), and so on.

The guests were: J. K.